

THE DAILY NEWS

**L.**

[No. 108.]

**California & Nevada Territory Volunteers**

Did Joseph Smith teach the building of theaters—the opening of bar rooms, where the name of God is incessantly taken in vain? Did he teach that the leaders of the church of Christ should inhabit fine palaces, and revel in luxury, while the poor are starving even

NEW YORK, May 7th.  
A private letter after the Chatta-

New York, May 7th.  
Col. Hoffman, Commissary General of prisoners, made a report to the Secretary of War on the condition of the released prisoners recently arrived at Annapolis. He describes it as horrible in the extreme. Out of 376 more than 300 are so completely imbecile as to render their recovery very doubtful.



The News.

The reported success of General Grant's great forward movement is confirmed in all important particulars by the telegrams published today, and we take great pleasure in announcing the beginning of the earnest war against treason, and in reiterating our previously expressed opinion, that this campaign ends the war and crushes secession, so that its harsh notes shall never again be heard under the folds of the Stars and Stripes. It seems that the announcement per telegram of the burning and evacuation of Petersburg, was premature, and was merely the result of conjecture on the part of those who saw the lights of many fires in that direction.

But notwithstanding this, the effect is about the same, since the only object in seizing Petersburg would be to cut off communication with the country to the south of Richmond—which has been effectually accomplished by Gen. Butler, who is now between Richmond and Petersburg, and a portion of whose forces are stated authoritatively as being within ten miles of the Rebel Capital. In a few days we trust to have the satisfaction of informing our readers that Richmond is again under the Flag of the Union. God speed the day!

In a letter published on to-day's outside, and signed "Vox Populi," will be found statements which are well worthy of being weighed by such persons as believe in the mission and authority of Joseph Smith—in whom a majority of this community place confidence as a Prophet, etc.

While we are not ourselves actuated by any such belief, we deem it but fair to allow such persons as believe they can show forth abuses, political, religious or otherwise in this or any other community, fully to ventilate in our columns whatever of wrongs they may discover, and while in the polemical controversy now raging between the two sects in the so-called Mormon Church, we are in doctrine a believer in neither; yet we must own up to a sympathy with that one of the two which inscribes upon its banners, loyalty to the Constitution and obedience to the laws.

**EXTRA STATE PAY.**—The Treasurer of the State of California advertises for proposals for the bonds of that State, authorized to be issued by the Legislature of 1863; the object being to have money on hands in the Treasury for the payment to the volunteers (whose time will soon expire) of the \$5 per month extra pay from the State, guaranteed them by the "Act for the Relief of the California Volunteers," approved April 27th, 1863. The whole amount to be raised is \$600,000—for which bonds drawing seven per cent., payable semi-annually, are offered. The bids will be considered on the 2d of June next, and thereafter the soldiers will not be obliged to resort to brokers and agents for procuring the pay justly due them from the State—as they have too often been obliged to do heretofore.

**ACCIDENT.**—The horses attached to Surgeon Reid's carriage ran away on yesterday morning, in the city, and overturned the vehicle opposite the Salt Lake City Theater. Mrs. Reid was in the carriage at the time, and was seriously injured by the overthrow.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4th.

**SAILED.**—Steamer Constitution for Panama with 215 passengers and \$1,179,611 in treasure, \$899,381 of which goes to England.

A fair amount of exchange sold; coin bills 405 per cent. premium; sterling 48 1/2; money in demand at 1 1/2 per cent.—still depressed. Interior press are unanimous in condemning the five per cent. tax on mines as excessive and unjust.

Ship Aquilla has been partly raised

and may be saved. Nearly \$5,000 were contributed to the Sanitary Fund within the last two days.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5th.

**Jobbers are doing a large business;** orders from the interior are liberal; the Spring trade has fairly begun, and the general disposition of country traders, is to stock up heavily, having high prices in view; importers, on the contrary, are selling freely, to reimburse themselves on the heavy duties.

**Produce arrivals, light, and prices** hardening.

The Constitution took two hundred bales of Mexican wool for New York.

The California powder works at Santa Cruz, are now in successful operation, and will soon have powder in the market.

The bark Oldenburg arrived from Hongkong with six hundred and fifty thousand pounds of Manila sugar; she brought no news.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7th.

**SAILED.**—Ship Valparaiso for Callao.

The aggregate business of the past week has been unusually large for the reason of our spring trade being under full headway. A sale of confiscated Chinese wine realized yesterday about \$50,000, since then a number of the jars prove to contain nothing but sweetened water.

Another California fire insurance company has been organized here, with a capital of \$200,000.

John S. Chipman, formerly Congressman from Michigan, has been arrested and sent to Fort Alcatraz for grossly disloyal language at a Democratic meeting in this city.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

NEW YORK, May 7th.

**By the steamer Ocean Queen:** The Government of Nicaragua has concluded a contract with Capt. Pine, for the construction of an inter-oceanic railroad.

Advices from Lima state that the questions between Peru and Spain had reached an alarming stage. The Spanish Minister having been refused recognition, sent an ultimatum to the Peruvian government, which was returned unopened, and he left the country. Some reports speak of a Spanish squadron taking possession of the Chincha Islands.

The project of a railroad across the Andes, in Chili, has lost none of its interest there. The reports of the Surveyor General, says there are no serious obstacles to be encountered.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 7th.

Port Royal papers to the 5th, state that Florida, Georgia and South Carolina, are nearly depleted of rebel troops who have been sent North to join Lee's army.

Admiral Dahlgren, has arrived at Hilton Head.

A great female riot occurred at Savannah on the 17th ult. The women collected in a body with arms, and patrolled the streets in procession, demanded bread or blood! They seized food wherever found. The soldiers were called out, and after a brief con-

flict the leaders were arrested and confined in jail.

WASHINGTON, May 8th.

At the last dates Bank's was at Alexandria. Intimation having been given that he designed to leave that position, positive orders from Grant require him to afford protection to the gunboats. His force is strong enough under competent command, to bid defiance to any force the rebels can bring against him. Arrangements for supplies are to be made with energy and celerity, by Gen. Canby, who has gone forward with special instructions.

WASHINGTON, May 8.

On Friday an attack was made by Longstreet on the right, while the rebel troops under Hill, were hurled in like manner against the left wing, composed of Hancock's corps and Warren's corps. The centre was also engaged in assaults, and the fighting continued with hardly any intermission for two days; but yesterday morning Lee having failed completely in his object, withdrew from the engagement, leaving the army of the Potomac in possession of the ground, and a large number of the rebels killed and wounded.

Herald's correspondence from the James river of the 7th, says it is most positive now that the city of Petersburg has been evacuated. There is a tremendous fire raging in that vicinity. The only solution we can give is that the rebels have set fire to the extensive mills and factories located there.

CINCINNATI, May 9th.

Specials from Western Virginia announce the arrival of Gen. Crook's command at Princeton. This portion of Averill's command was sent out to cut off communication between Virginia and East Tennessee. The enemy, 2,500 strong, retreated, leaving their camp in our possession.

CAIRO, May 9th.

From Alexandria we learn that the enemy attacked Greenville (a small town opposite), but were driven back by gunboats. They drove in the pickets and took several Federals. The force now at Alexandria is reported 35,000 strong. The rebel force is quite heavy, under Kirby Smith, Magruder, Taylor and others. A flag of truce, with a demand for the surrender of Alexandria was sent to Banks, on the day the boat left; with what result is not known. The alarm which existed at different points along the river, a few days since, has generally subsided.

BALTIMORE, May 9th.

Fortress Monroe dates say the report of the capture of Petersburg on the 6th is incorrect.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9th.

We give the following special to the Evening Telegraph:

Washington, 9th. Communication has been opened with Smith and Gilmore, who are near Richmond, and have been fighting. No fighting yesterday. Our army is believed to be advancing successfully. Fredericksburg is occupied, the railroad being under repair. Star extra says Grant has a field full of prisoners and had advanced to Spottsylvania C.H. A verbal message received at Halleck's

head-quarters by a messenger from the army, states that the battle closed, the enemy having fallen back about twelve miles leaving their dead and wounded on the field. On Saturday at 3 o'clock Lee was in full retreat through Spottsylvania. When the messenger left, Hancock was entering the place in pursuit. Butler is reported within ten miles of Richmond.

LOUISVILLE, May 9th.

A squad of guerrillas rode a trail into Princeton, Caldwell county, Ky, on the 4th and robbed the stores of a large amount of goods; they stole many horses. Rumors from Nashville say Johnson retreated from Dalton to Atlanta. Sherman's forces passed the Tunnel without opposition and are outflanking the rebels at Buzzard's Roost.

ST. LOUIS, May 9th.

The Democrat publishes the following: The expedition of Gen. Steele towards Shreveport, is ended. A gentleman conversant with the facts has arrived here and communicates the following in regard to the expedition: Steele found no stores to sustain his troops, and had to reduce the allowance to quarter rations, and as the movement was to be co-operative with the main one of Bank's, which had failed, there remained no course but to return to Little Rock. Price undertook to retain Steele at Camden, while Marmaduke with a strong force set off for Little Rock, (which has to thank Steele for the safety of the Arkansas Capital with its Union population and millions of dollars worth of Federal stores, for its rescue.) His army broke through Price's set out to get to Little Rock in time to save it from Marmaduke, who was making every exertion on the route to bag his proposed game. At Sabine Fork it became necessary to give Price battle, which was handsomely done. He drove the rebels from the field. The fight was protracted and bloody, lasting three or four hours, but resulted in a complete repulse of the enemy, leaving Steele to resume his exciting race with Marmaduke. The latter approached Little Rock, throwing shells into camp on the afternoon of the 1st. Shortly afterwards, Carr's cavalry came up and joining the troops at the Post, compelled Marmaduke to relinquish his undertaking. He made a little resistance, as the main body of Steele's army was rapidly arriving. During the entire march from Camden, the troops were constantly skirmishing with the enemy, who hung upon their rear and flanks strenuously endeavoring to impede their progress. There were no ambulances for the wounded and they had to be left at the houses of residents on the road. Our informant represents Steele's cavalry as deplorably deficient in horses. Price's forces are still lingering in the vicinity, and were stripping that often desolated country anew.

NEW YORK, May 9th.

News by specials are meagre. The Tribune has the following, dated Washington: Twelve trains of wounded are on the way from the front; the hospitals are ready for their reception. Reports from rebel sources say that



Lee was wounded. The Tribune says the situation may be thus epitomised. On Thursday the army sustained successfully, a fierce attack of the bulk of Lee's army; on Friday we attacked and drove them some distance, taking all their severely wounded, prisoners, and won an indecisive victory; on Saturday, no fighting. Lee is believed to be retiring.

New York, May 7th.

The following was received at Washington 9th, 10 1/2 a. m.:

To Gen. Dix: Intelligence is received this morning by scouts direct from the army as late as Saturday evening, but no official reports as yet. The general results may be stated as a success to our arms. The fighting on Friday was the most desperate known in modern times. Gen. Wadsworth was killed while leading his troops against one of the enemy's strongest positions. Gen. Webb is wounded. The condition of our army is represented as admirable. At the latest accounts Hancock was pushing forward rapidly by the left for Spottsylvania Court House, and yesterday heavy cannonading was heard at Acquia Creek from that direction. We lost some prisoners. One regiment of Pennsylvania reserves charged through an abatis of the enemy but were unable to get back and most of them were captured. We have taken a large number of prisoners, supposed more than we lost. Artillery was not much used on either side in the first two days fight. Sherman was heard from last night; he would attack the rebels to-day.

Signed: STANTON.

WASHINGTON, May 9, 11 1/2 a. m.

To Gen. Dix:—The Department has just received from Gen. Butler, Gen. Lee's official report of the operations of Friday. He says his loss in killed is not large, but has many wounded. He states that our forces attacked them and caused some confusion. He is grieved to announce that Longstreet was severely wounded, Gen. Jenkins killed, and Gen. Pegram badly wounded on Thursday. He thanks a merciful God, that every advance of Grant has been repulsed. The belief here is, that Grant is achieving a complete victory. Signed: STANTON.

Old Wilderness, May 6th, 9 p. m.

The most terrific battle yet fought was brought to a close to-day. Lee's entire army made repeated furious assaults upon our right and left wings, commanded by Hancock and Sedgwick, with temporary success, but have been driven back with great slaughter. A simultaneous attack was made about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, which was gallantly repulsed. Towards dark they concentrated upon our extreme right, and fell suddenly upon Sedgwick, crushing in the position of his line. Sedgwick, however, succeeded in reforming his line, and securing it against further disaster, and the enemy withdrew from the front under cover of the darkness. Our losses are heavy. Our army to-day certainly baffled all the offensive efforts of the enemy. An almost impenetrable wood which covered the battle ground, saved the rebels from a crush-

ing defeat, and enabled them to conceal their movements almost perfectly, until the very moment of their execution.

CHICAGO, May 9th.

Editors:—I have sent you everything received here, in regard to the battles of Thursday and Friday. The accounts of the battles of Wednesday, are probably exaggerated, as nothing has been received in regard to it, except the one dispatch sent you on Saturday.

THE VERY LATEST.

Gen. Ingalls telegraphed from Old Wilderness Tavern, 11 1/2 on Saturday, that the enemy are said to be retiring. Gen. Butler telegraphs that he made a demonstration against the railroad between Petersburg and Richmond, and succeeded after pretty severe fighting, in breaking communication. Beauregard commands the rebel forces at Petersburg and Richmond. This authentic account disposes of the statement that the rebels evacuated and burned Petersburg.—[Operator.]

The St. Joseph Herald, of a recent date, mentions sixty wagons crossing the river at that point in a single day, all bound for Idaho and Colorado Territories. One wagon, from Maine, bore the following words painted on the cover:

"Bound for Bannock, the land of gold."  
"Conscripts, Injuns and Mormon widows."  
"Our motto—Ritches or more poverty."

A sleepy church warden, who often played at cards, hearing the minister use the words "shuffle off this mortal coil," started up, rubbing his eyes, and exclaimed—"Hold on! it's my deal!"

JOHN AVONDET, WEDGWOOD

Near Public Square, 8th Ward, Salt Lake City.

Coats, Pantaloons, Vests and all manner of articles for ladies, such as Dresses, Neckties, Ribbons, Gloves, etc., cleaned and renovated on the shortest notice and in the most approved style. my 10-1m

STRAYED.

A BLACK NEWFOUNDLAND PUP, about four months old; answers to the name of "Buck." He is white foot, white back ring on neck, white breast and left hip; blue on leather collar when lost. Any one returning him to the Subsistence Storehouse, Great Salt Lake City, will be liberally rewarded. may 9-1f

GEO. HIGGINS, JR.

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Virginia City, Idaho Territory.

Consignments Solicited. Terms, moderate.

REFERENCES:

Clark & Co., Bankers, Salt Lake City.  
Bulenburg & Kahn, Salt Lake City.  
W. Huxley & Co., Denver City, C. T.  
Hosie & Co., Virginia City, I. T.

VIRGINIA HOTEL.

VIRGINIA CITY, I. T.

The proprietor is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage, and assures them they will find at his Hotel every comfort in the way of Lodgings—while the Tables will be furnished with the best the market affords.

First Class Accommodations

On the premises; also, an Insurance Ranch where all kinds of stock may be turned out with perfect security. ap 28-6w

M. W. BROWN

FOR SALE.

Sixty Head of Large American Mules, in good condition. 15 Michigan Wagons. 35 Sets of Harness. The above will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. For particulars inquire at the Salt Lake House of G. S. L. City, May 24, 1864. may 5-1w

W. F. WOOD.

FOR SALE.

Gunny Bags, Grain Sacks and Packing Boxes of all sizes, at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Salt Lake City.

## UNITED STATES MAIL LINE EAST BANNACK CITY, IDAHO TERRITORY.

THE great through U. S. mail to East Bannack will leave Salt Lake City twice a week, (every Monday and Thursday morning,) at 8 o'clock, A. M., in splendid four horse teams, coaches, in Box Elder, Cache Valley, settlements and Soda Springs.

Schedule Time—5 days and 8 hours.

Over a portion of the route passengers will be conveyed in Troy coaches, and the balance of the way in light spring wagons. Connections made at Bannack with express to Virginia, Nevada and Gallatin cities, and the mining districts east of the mountains.

Every attention paid to passengers for Bannack or intermediate points.

Application for passage or information may be made to Mr. Samuel D. Sirrine, Salt Lake House, or to the undersigned, South Temple street, first block west of Tabernacle.

L. I. SMITH, Proprietor.

BLACKFOOT BUTTE FERRY.

This Ferry is now in complete running order, and is the Best and Safest Ferry on Snake River and is running at Lower Rates than any other ferry in the Western Country.

EMIGRANTS and FREIGHTERS

To East Bannack, Virginia, Boise Mines and Oregon will find it to their interest to travel by the way of this ferry for the simple reason that it is the Best and NEAREST road to any of the above places.

MEEKS & GIBSON,

Proprietors, East Bannack.

GEORGE W. CLEVELAND.

ROBERT HENFORD.

CLEVELAND & HERFORD,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Capacious Storage, etc., etc.

Nevada City, Idaho Territory.

BEN. HOLLADAY, } W. L. HALSEY, }  
New York. } G. S. L. City. }

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST and COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Government Vouchers.

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency

sold on

New York

San Francisco, California

Virginia City, Idaho.

Denver City, Colorado.

Atchinson, Kansas.

Portland, Oregon and

Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale.

AUSTIN M. CLARK, JNO. W. KERR, MORTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,

GOLD DUST

and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York;

Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver;

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Dray & Co., Philadelphia.

APR 21-1f

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCHANGE,

The highest price paid for

COIN and GOLD DUST.

Office in Gold & Building a few doors below the Salt Lake House, East Temple Street.

APR 16-1m

ASSAY OFFICE.

H. W. KRASSING,

formerly of New York City,

ASSAYER and REFINER.

Having opened an office at Camp Douglas, is now prepared to make Assays of Ores of every description, on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms; having had an experience of many years both in New York and California, he feels confident of giving satisfaction. Office, first building East of the Cavalry quarters, Camp Douglas.

PAXTON & THORNBURG, } E. WHEATON, }  
Virginia, } Austin, }

PAXTON, THORNBURG & CO.,

BANKERS,

AUSTIN, N. T.

Draw on

Virginia, Sacramento, Marysville and

San Francisco.

Buy Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Warrants and other securities.

Purchase Bullion, and advance on the same for Coinage at the Mint.

Receive Deposits, make Collections, and transact a general Banking business.

APR 24-1f

H. W. THEALL, } PAXTON, THORNBURG & CO., }  
Virginia, } Austin, }

ASSAY OFFICE

THEALL & CO.,

AUSTIN, Nevada Territory.

Gold and Silver Bullion and Ores of every description, Melted and Assayed. Returns made in Bars or Coin.

We guarantee the correctness of our Assays.

All business entrusted to our care will be promptly and accurately attended to.

APR 24-1f

## Redington & Co.'s ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.

This valuable preparation containing in a highly concentrated form all the properties of the Jamaica Ginger, has become one of the most popular domestic remedies, for all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs.

As a tonic it will be found invaluable to all persons recovering from debility; whether produced by fever or otherwise, for whilst it imparts to the system all the glow and vigor that can be produced by wine or brandy, it is entirely free from the reactionary effects that follow the use of spirits of any kind.

It is also an excellent remedy for females who suffer from difficult menstruation, giving almost immediate relief to the spasms that so frequently accompany that period.

It gives immediate relief to nausea, caused by riding in a railroad car, or by sea sickness or other causes.

It is also valuable as an external application for gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc.

Ask for Redington & Co.'s Essence of Jamaica Ginger, as no other is pure and reliable.

Redington & Co., Proprietors,

416 and 418 Front street,

San Francisco.

Stop that Coughing!

Some of you can't, and we pity you. You have tried every remedy but the one destined, by its intrinsic merit, to supersede all similar preparations. It is not surprising you should be reluctant to try something else after the many experiments you have made of trashy compounds foisted on the public as a certain cure; but

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP

Is really the very best remedy ever compounded for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Consumption. Thousands of people in California and Oregon have been already benefited by the surprising curative powers of

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP

And with one accord give it their unqualified approbation. We now address ourselves to all who are unacquainted with this, the greatest Balm of Gilead, for the healing of all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, assuring you that

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP

Has cured thousands, and it will cure you if you try it. This invaluable medicine is pleasant to the taste; soothing, healing and strengthening in its effects; entirely free from all poisonous or deleterious drugs, and perfectly harmless under all circumstances. Certificates from many prominent citizens of San Francisco accompanying every bottle of

NEWELL'S

PULMONARY SYRUP

Redington & Co., Agents,

San Francisco,

And for sale everywhere.

APR 21-1f

DR. TOWNSLEY'S

INDIAN

VEGETABLE TOOTHACHE ANODYNE

Is purely a vegetable preparation, which is

Warranted to Cure the Toothache in One Minute.

Caused by decay in the tooth. It will cure scurvy on the gums. It will harden the gums and cause them to adhere to the teeth. It will cure gum boils, and remove all soreness of the gums. It will sweeten the breath. It will be found valuable for children cutting teeth, for having swollen gums. It is an Indian preparation, and the recipe for making it was purchased by the proprietor from the Pawnee tribe of Indians, in the Platte country.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS.

Providence has provided in Nature plants and roots that are remedies for all the ills of suffering humanity. This preparation contains no poisonous acids or mineral substances whatever. It has been extensively used with universal satisfaction in all cases.

Who would suffer with this most distressing affliction when one 25 cent bottle will cure instantaneously?

Sold by all the principal druggists, and by

Redington & Co., Agents,

416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco,

And for sale everywhere.

APR 21-1f

Dr. Mott's

VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

WILL CURE

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation,

Fevers, and all Bilious Diseases.

These pills are made from vegetables, gingerly extracted. After being used once, the person having used them will use no others.

For sale by all Dealers in Family Medicines.

A. L. SCOTT & CO., Proprietors,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

For sale everywhere. Try them! Try them!

REDINGTON & CO.,

416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco,

And for sale everywhere.

APR 21-1f



**BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.**

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEGETABLE]

New York, May 6.

The papers contain a call for a national convention to be held at Cleveland on the 31st of May, for consultation in respect to the presidential election. The call declares that the one term principle ought to be inflexibly adhered to, and that the callers don't recognize in the Baltimore Convention the essential conditions of a truly National Convention.

Natchez, May 2d.

A rumor reached this place yesterday through rebel sources of a battle at Alexandria on Thursday, in which Dick Taylor was defeated. It is stated he made a vigorous assault upon the works recently erected there and was repulsed with great loss. Wirt Adams' cavalry are hovering near this city. Their movements are supposed to cover the crossing of arms and ammunition below this city for Kirby Smith. Gen. A. L. Lee and nineteen other officers are under arrest at New Orleans for declaring that the Red river expedition was not for fighting, but for thieving and speculation.

Chicago, May 7th.

Gen. Steele left Camden for Little Rock on the 26th, being out of supplies. On the 13th he crossed the Saline river at Jenkin's Ferry, but before crossing, was attacked by the rebels under Fagan. A portion of the rebel cavalry crossed the Saline and continued to harass Steele during the whole march causing considerable alarm. He was able however, to prevent the rebels doing him any injury, but found it necessary to destroy his train and demolish every bridge behind him. His cavalry reached Little Rock on the 1st, the main force being within four miles of that place. Little Rock and Pine Bluff are believed to be safe from any attempt of the enemy. Reinforcements have been sent to the latter place. The failure of General Steele is a necessary consequence of the disaster to Gen. Banks. Had the latter General been successful the capture of Camden by Steele would have had a strong influence in preventing the rebels from retrieving their losses in the trans-Mississippi department.

Chicago, May 7.

Memphis papers of the 5th, say Sturges' advance, 700 strong, with two pieces of artillery, encountered one of Forrest's brigades, 1,000 strong, near Bolivar, on Monday last. A fight of two hours resulted in the enemy being driven from his entrenchments across the river, burning the bridge behind him. We killed and wounded a number, and captured several. Our loss was two killed and ten wounded. Gen. Sturges is still in pursuit. The steamer Metropolis arrived at Memphis 4th, from Orleans, with intelligence that the rebels are concentrating at several points on both sides of the river. There is considerable excitement at Natchez, and an attack on that place is expected. More or less excitement existed at every town between Vicksburg and Natchez, and the wildest rumors are in circulation stating that the enemy are advancing on Port Hudson in two columns, with twenty-six pieces of artillery.

CAIRO, May 6th.

The officers just arrived from Alexandria report that the efforts to raise the Eastport are unsuccessful. Her guns were removed and she blown up. On the way back the 600 sent to her assistance were fired upon by a battery of 12 pounders on shore, and a fight ensued, in which we lost several men.

River Bluff, Arkansas, is reported captured by the rebels, but this needs confirmation.

**RANSONOFF & CO.,**

**New Goods! New Goods!!**

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

**SPRING GOODS,**

CONSISTING IN

**French Lawns, Chambrays, Calicoes,**

etc., etc., etc.,

**In Fact Everything in the Ladies' Line.**

Also a Fine Stock of

**Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.**

**The Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust and Coin.**

**Bannack Restaurant and Eating House**

THE citizens of Great Salt Lake City, and the traveling public are respectfully informed that the Bannack Restaurant and Eating House, situated on Main street, opposite the Salt Lake House, is now open, and the proprietor is prepared to furnish Board and Lodging on reasonable terms.

**JAMES LINFORTH, COMMISSION MERCHANT,** 308 BATTERY STREET, San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory. " " " Austin, Nevada Territory. Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. apr21f

**SALE & FEED STABLES.**

SECOND SOUTH TEMPLE STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY. THE Subscriber has complete accommodations for feeding and stabling stock of all kinds.

On a liberal scale on the premises at Reasonable Rates. Particular attention given to the Selling of Stock. apr21f

**C. OLIVE, MERCHANT TAILOR,** Main St, opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City.

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms. djant1f

**Co-Partnership Notice.**

WE have this day associated with us in business Messrs. Conrad Prag and Abraham Gans, of San Francisco, and the firm will hereafter be styled Ransonoff & Co., instead of Ransonoff Bro., as heretofore. RANSONOFF BRO. S. L. City, April 4th, 1864. apr61f

**Notice.**

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City, opposite Wm. Jennings' store.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms. Acknowledgments taken for any part of the United States. apr9-1f

**CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS RESTAURANT.**

South-east of the Cavalry quarters Camp Douglas. Meals at all hours between Revelle and Tatoo. feb18, 3m

JULIAN AVEY, Prop'r.

**ATTENTION! ATTENTION!**

CITIZENS OF UTAH,

**Bring in Your Produce!!**

**A. GILBERT,**

(Next door to the Salt Lake House,) calls special attention to his large and well selected

**STOCK OF DRY GOODS**

Consisting of COTTON, WOOLEN, AND MIXED FABRICS, CALICOES, SILKS, DRILLINGS, FLANNELS

and other

**STAPLES.**

Selected Expressly for this Market

Also offers on reasonable terms,

**GROCERIES.**

COFFEE, CANDLES, SOAP, etc., etc., SUGARS,

**HARDWARE,**

CUTTLERY, CROCKERY, etc., etc., etc.,

On Terms to Suit.

**EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES**

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

ap18-1f

A. GILBERT

**ATTENTION!**

**IMMENSE SACRIFICE!!**

**NEW CALIFORNIA GOODS FOR SALE,**

**AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,**

**CHEAP AND GOOD.**

**FOR COST AND TRANSPORTATION!**

**Wormser & Co.,**

Have just opened a Splendid Assortment of

**Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, etc.**

Consisting of

LADIES WOOLEN DRESSES, SHAWLS, OPERA FLANNELS, MERINOS, ETC., ETC., ETC.,

**Of the Latest and Choicest Patterns.**

All Kinds of

LINEN GOODS AND CALICOES, LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, FANCY TRIMMINGS, LADIES' GLOVES, ETC.

CALIFORNIA BLANKETS, DOMESTIC AND STAPLE GOODS,

of Every Variety, and

**YANKEE NOTIONS,**

too numerous to mention and too splendid to adequately describe.

**CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.**

At the New Store, Main Street, next to Crony's & Clayton's. mr24-1f

**NEW**

WE are now prepared to supply Great Salt Lake City with a full supply of paper, we can fill any order with which we may be favored, for all the necessary kinds of paper required by mining companies or others.

**TELEGRAPH COAL BED.**

\$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this rate at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office at the above rate will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLSON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864.

**SALT! SALT!!**

A No. one article of fine quality

**TABLE SALT.**

Put up in sacks of all sizes, in good style and at the shortest notice. Also, a superior quality of sacks furnished in any quantity, on application to

M. J. KREMER,

5th ward, G. S. L. City.

**ARMY PROPOSALS**

Commissary Department, U. S. A.

**PROPOSALS FOR**

**SUBSISTENCE SUPPLIES.**

Summertime, G. S. L. City, Mar. 1st, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the U. S. Commissary of Subsistence for the District of Utah in this City until the 20th day of May 1864, for furnishing the following named Subsistence Supplies—

**1st, FRESH BEEF.**

Three hundred and twenty-six thousand (326,000) pounds, more or less, of fresh beef, killed and dressed in the usual manner, (necks, shanks, and kidney tallow excluded), for the troops stationed at Camp Douglas, to be delivered at that place, at such times and in such quantities as the commanding officer may direct.

The delivery to commence on the first day of July, 1864, and end on the 30th day of June, 1865.

**2nd, FLOUR.**

Five hundred and fifty thousand (550,000) pounds, more or less, of A No. 1 flour, in good and sound sacks, containing 100 lbs each, and subject to inspection; to be delivered in such quantities and at such times as may be required, the delivery to commence on the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 1st day of January, 1865.

Provided, that not less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds shall be delivered during each of the months, from July to December, 1864, inclusive.

**3rd, POTATOES.**

Two thousand (2,000) bushels of potatoes, the delivery to commence on the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 30th day of November, 1864. The delivery to be made at the Commissary Warehouse, in Great Salt Lake City, or at Camp Douglas, as the Commissary may direct.

**4th, SALT.**

Two hundred and fifty (250) bushels of A No. 1 fine boiled salt, in sacks, delivered on or before the 1st day of November, 1864, at the Commissary Warehouse, provided that at least twenty-five (25) bushels be delivered during each of the months of July, August and September, 1864.

Salt and Potatoes will be estimated and bid for at the rate of sixty (60) pounds to the bushel.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may have on hand for distribution.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required for the fulfillment of the contract or contracts, and the names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

In all cases except that of Fresh Beef, bids will be entertained for furnishing the whole or a part of the above named articles; provide such part shall not be less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds Flour, two hundred and fifty (250) bushels Potatoes, fifty (50) bushels of Salt, and each bid must state specifically the articles and amount proposed to be delivered and the price.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the proposals at the office of the undersigned, at 17 N. on Friday, the 20th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through Post-Office or otherwise) to Capt. Chas. H. Hempstead, C. S., Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed Proposals for "Beef," "Flour," "Potatoes" or "Salt," as the case may be.

CHAS. H. HEMPSTEAD,

Capt. and Commissary of Subsistence, District of Utah

**Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A.**

**Proposals for Fuel and Forage.**

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

Great Salt Lake City, U. T.

March 24, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office (next door to the Post-Office) until 12 M., the 20th day of May, 1864, for furnishing the following supplies of Quartermaster's stores, to be delivered at Camp Douglas, U. T., in such quantities as required, provided that two thirds of the whole amount of each article required, shall be delivered by the 1st day of December, 1864, and all to be delivered prior to June 30th, 1865.

**Wood—Four Thousand (4,000) Cords.**

**Hay—Two Thousand (2,000) Tons.**

**Oats—One Hundred Thousand (100,000) Bushels.**

All the articles must be of the best quality, and bidders will so specify in their bids; also good and sufficient bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contracts, and names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Bids will be received for furnishing the whole amount of each article required in one bid. And bids also will be received for not less than 10,000 bushels of Oats, or 300 tons of Hay, or 3,000 cords of Wood, in any one bid.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may furnish.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of proposals, at my office, at 12 M., the 20th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through the Post-Office or otherwise) to Capt. D. B. Storer, Asst. Quartermaster, Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed, Proposals for "Wood," "Hay" or "Oats," as the case may be.

D. B. STORER,

Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster, District of Utah.